

# Agenda

Overview Earned Value
Overview Risk Management
Investment Strategy
Summary

#### Presentation Objective

Relate risk management and earned value concepts to a practical strategy of investment

#### **Definitions**

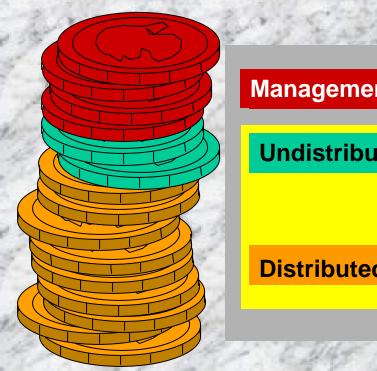
Earned value is a management technique that relates resource planning to schedules and to technical performance requirements.

Earned value management (EVM) uses earned value as the tool for integrating cost, schedule, and technical performance management, and risk management.

Source: DSMC www.dsmc.dsm.mil/educdept/evmdept.htm

#### Performance Measurement Baseline

... to achieve a realistic, executable contract plan, called the Performance Measurement Baseline (PMB).



**Management Reserve** 

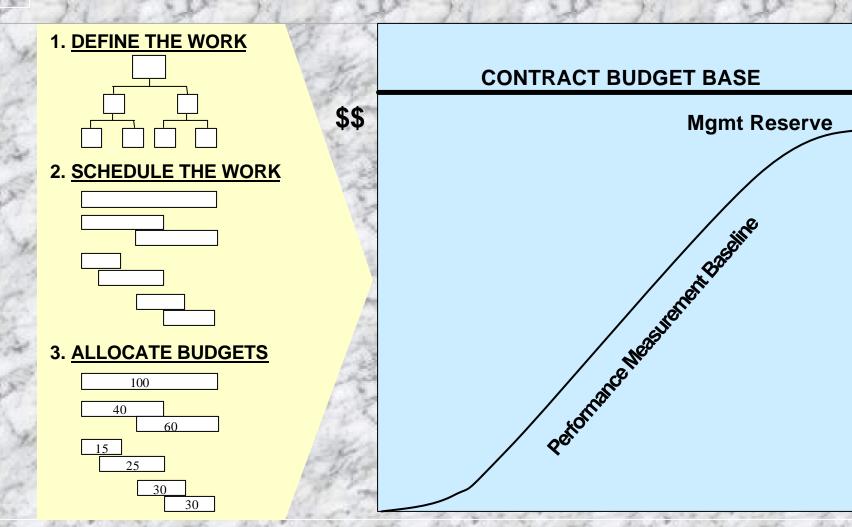
**Undistributed Budget** 

**Distributed Budget** 

**Contract Budget** Base

**Performance** Measurement **Baseline** 

#### ESTABLISH THE BASELINE

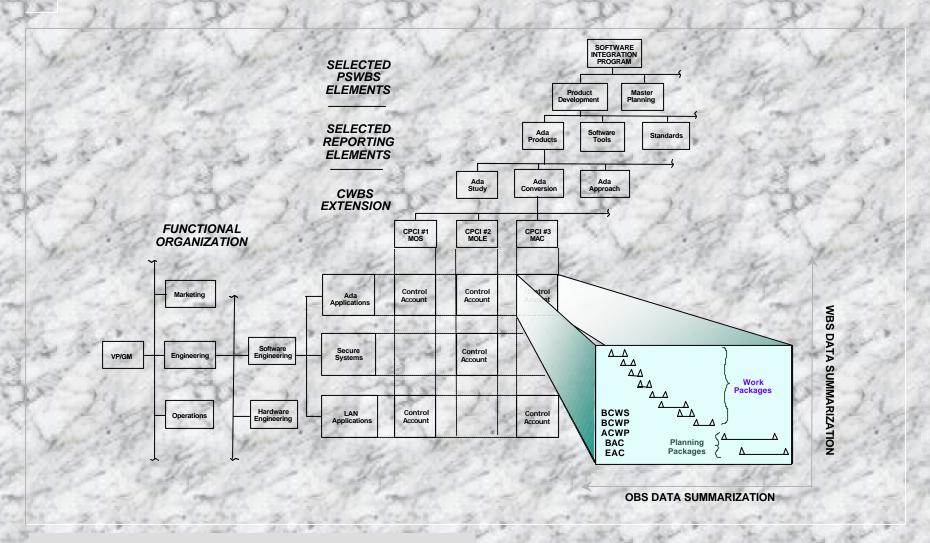


Source: USAF www.acq.osd.mil/pm

# Earned Value Terminology

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Data Element	Term	Acronym		
Scheduled Work	Budgeted Cost for Work Scheduled	BCWS		
Earned Value	Budgeted Cost for Work Performed	BCWP		
Actuals	Actual Cost of Work Performed ACW			
Authorized Work	Budget At Completion BAC			
Forecasted Cost	Estimate At Completion EAG			
Work Variance	Schedule Variance	SV		
Cost Variance	Cost Variance CV			
Completion Variance	Variance At Completion	VAC		

# WBS/Organization Integration



#### Control Account Elements

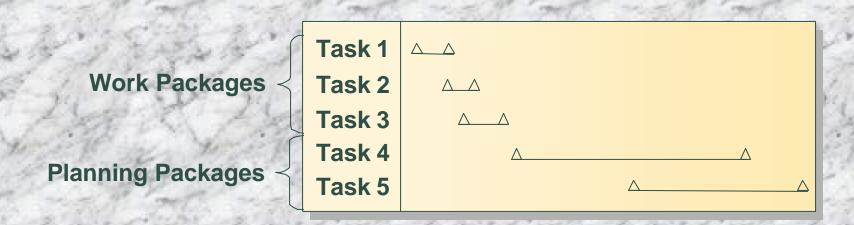
#### Work Packages

Detailed, short-span tasks, or material items, required to accomplish the CA objectives, typically in the near term

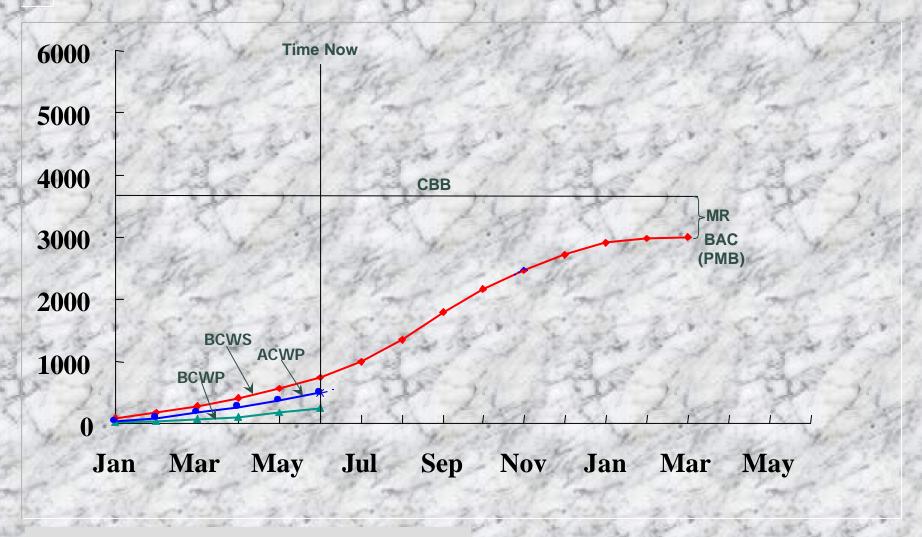
#### Planning Packages

Future work that has not been detail planned as work packages.

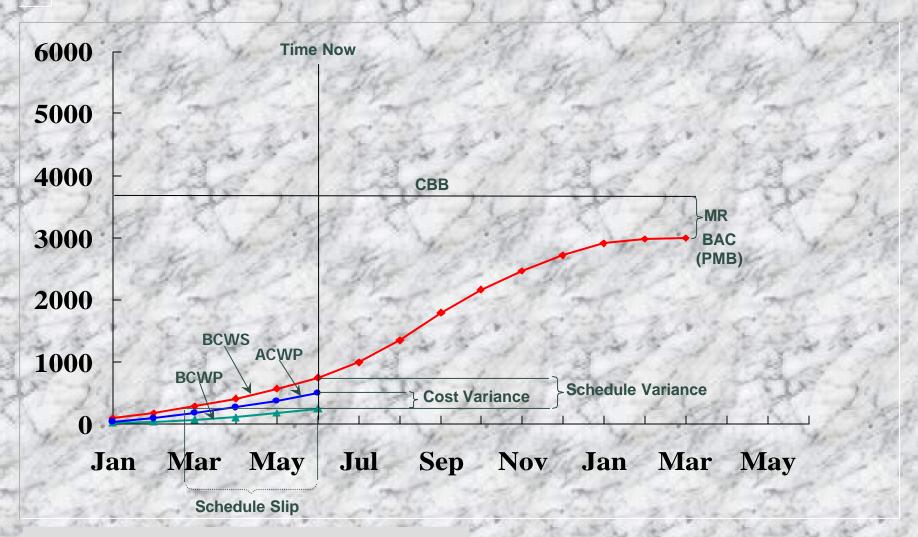
They are always scheduled to occur in the future.



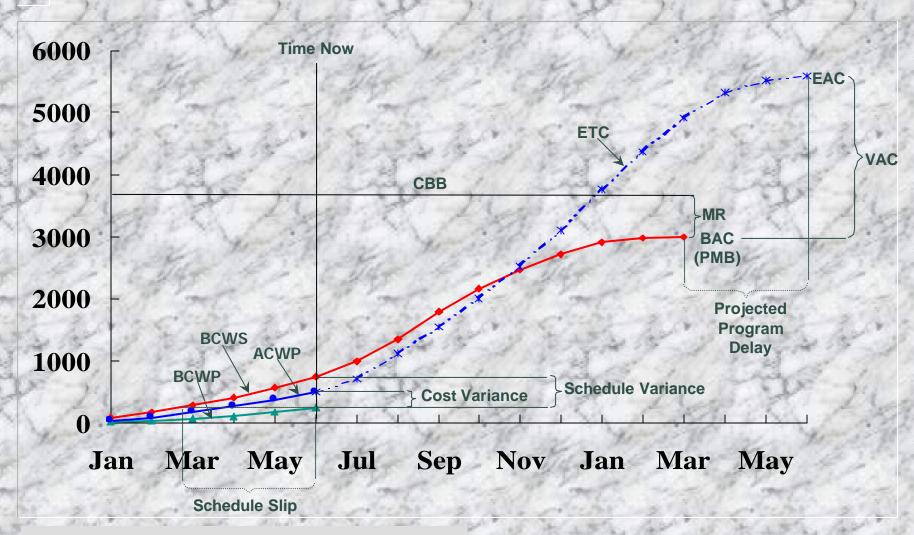
#### Earned Value Data Elements



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#### Earned Value Data Elements



# Data Analysis Relationships

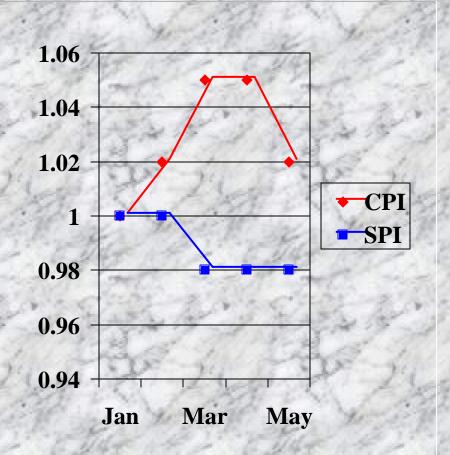
Term	Symbol	Formula	Checklist Actions
Percent Complete	% Done	BCWP BAC	Ratio of work accomplished in terms of the total amount of work to do.
Cost Performance Index or Performance Factor	CPI or PF	BCWP ACWP	Ratio of work accomplished against money spent (Efficiency Rating: Work Done for Resources Expended)
To Complete Performance Index or Verification Factor	TCPI or VF	BAC - BCWP EAC - ACWP	Ratio of work remaining against money remaining (Efficiency which must be achieved to complete the remaining work with the expected remaining money)
Schedule Performance Index	SPI	BCWP BCWS	Ratio of work accomplished against what should have been done (Efficiency Rating: Work done as compared to what should have been done)
Estimate At Completion	EAC	ETC + ACWP	Calculation of the estimate to complete plus the money spent
Estimate To Complete	ETC	BAC - BCWP CPI	Calculation of the budgeted work remaining against the performance factor

#### Risk Indicators (example)

EVM provides several metrics that can "flag" potential problems (risks) either as trends or thresholds.

**CPI:** Good = 3 1.0

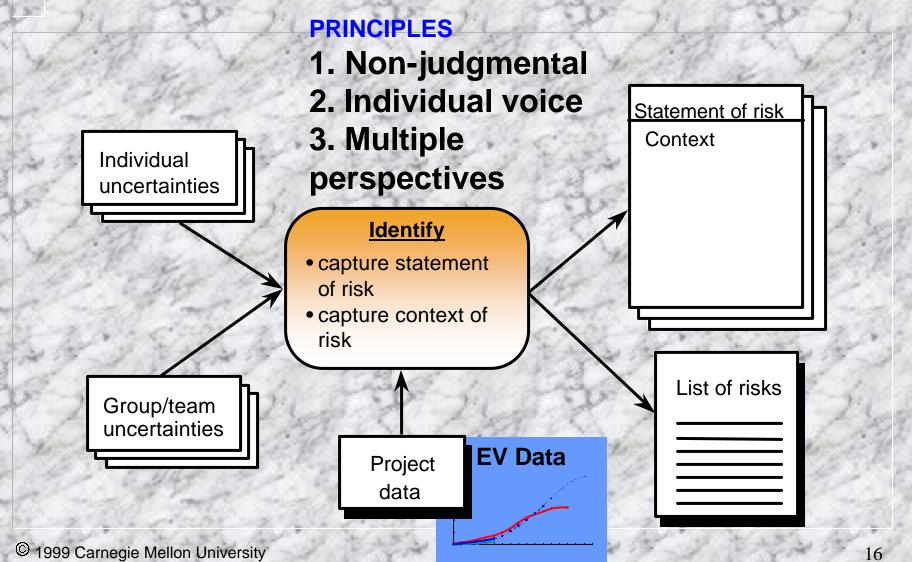
**SPI:** Good = 3 1.0



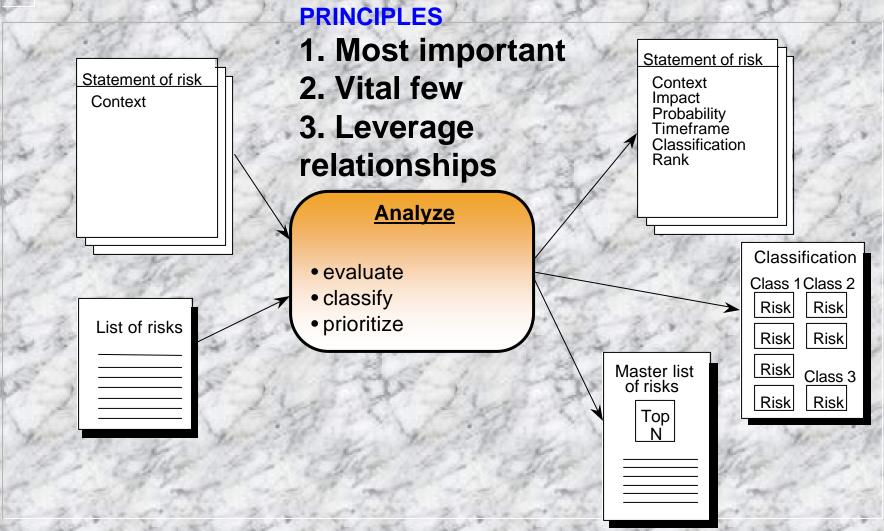
#### A Risk Management Process



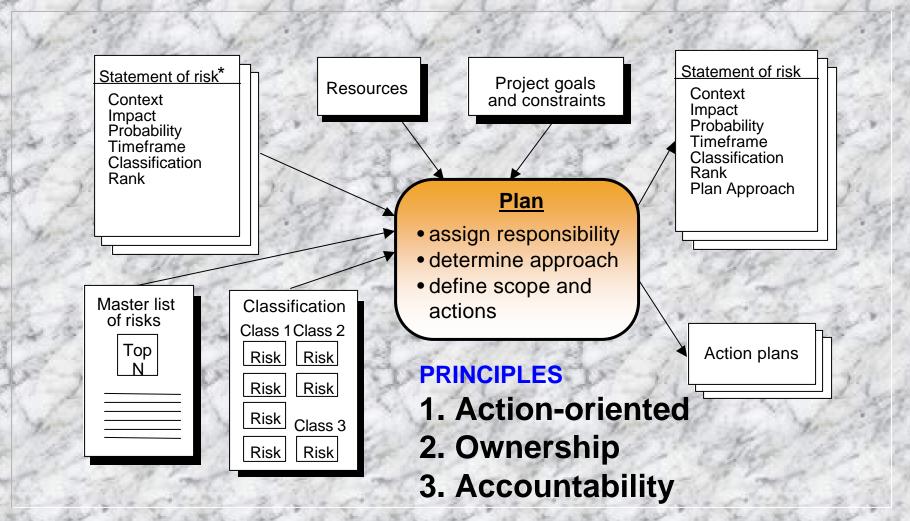
#### Identification Activities Overview



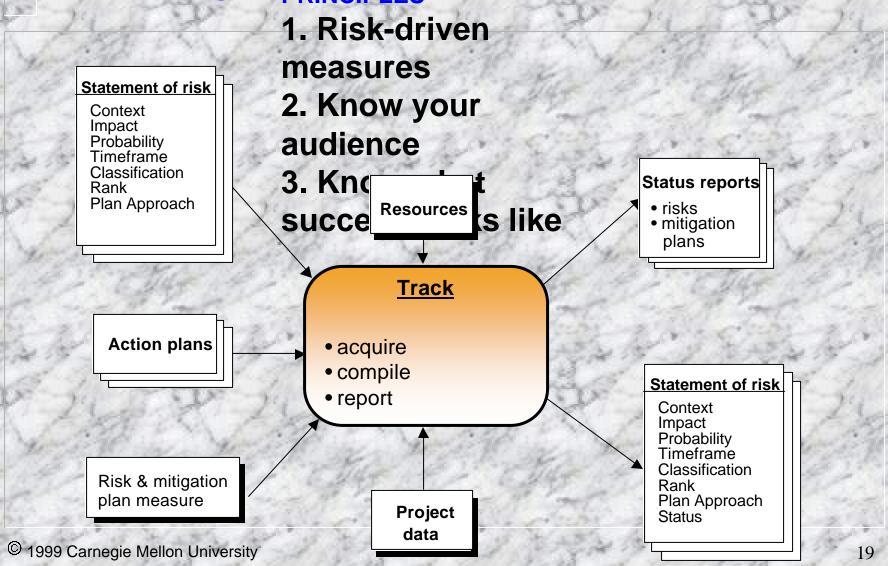
### Analysis Activities Overview



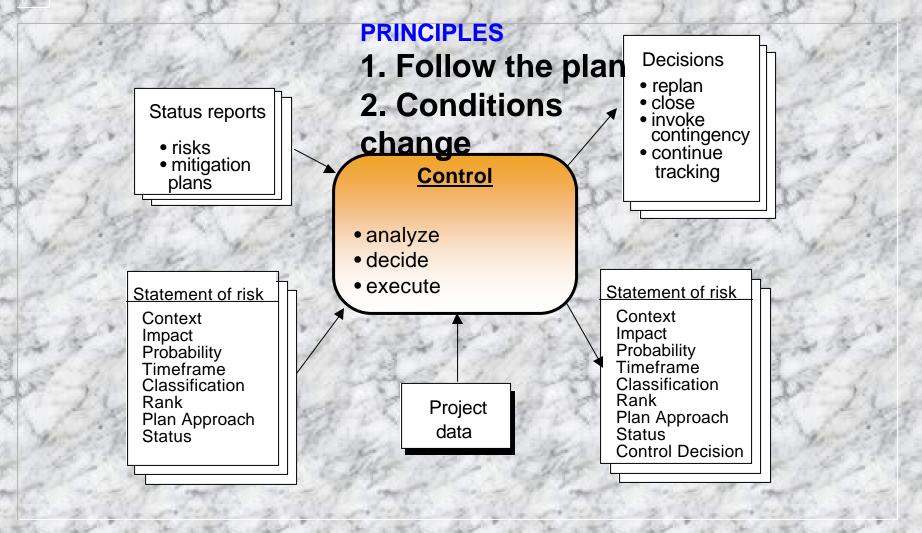
#### Planning Activities Overview



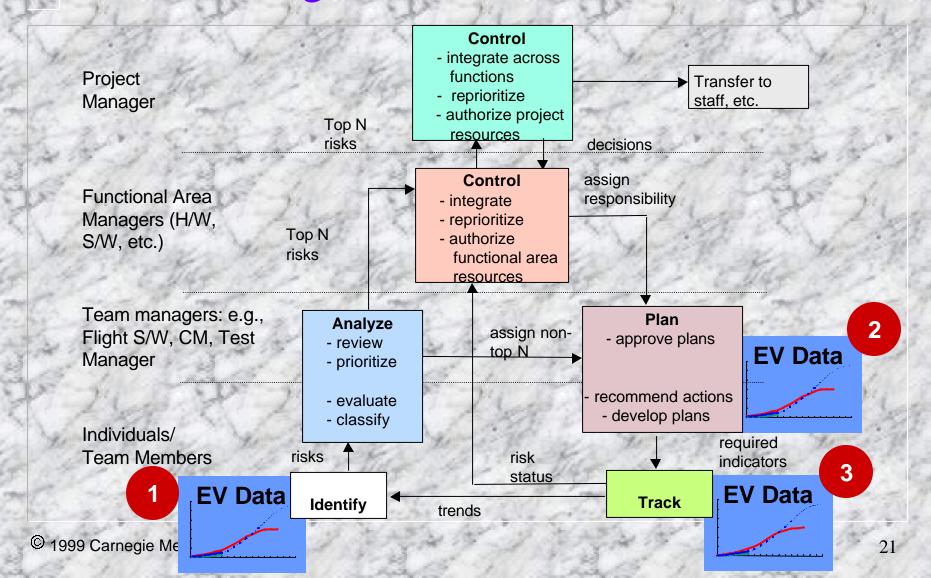
# Tracking Activities Overview



#### Control Activities Overview



#### Risk Management Framework Ex:

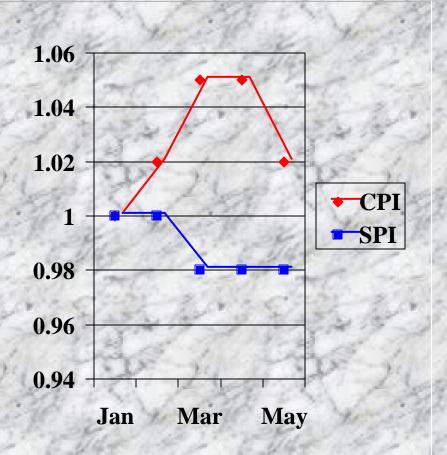


#### Risk Indicators (example)

EVM provides several metrics that can "flag" potential problems (risks) either as trends or thresholds.

**CPI:** Good = 3 1.0

**SPI:** Good = 3 1.0

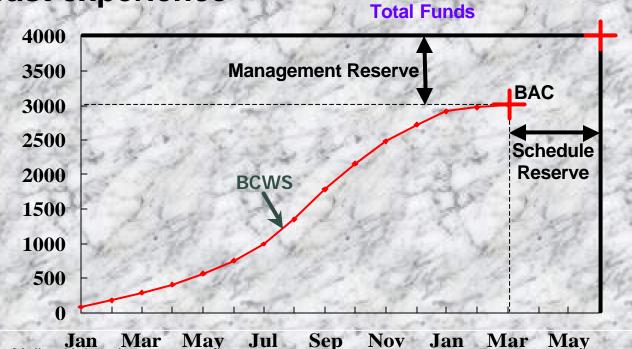




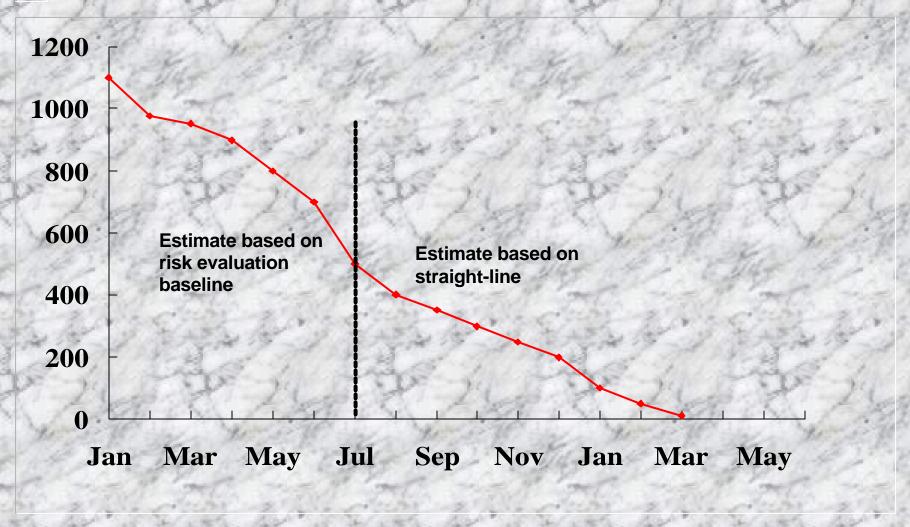
### Management Reserve

# Calculate total project management reserve required based on

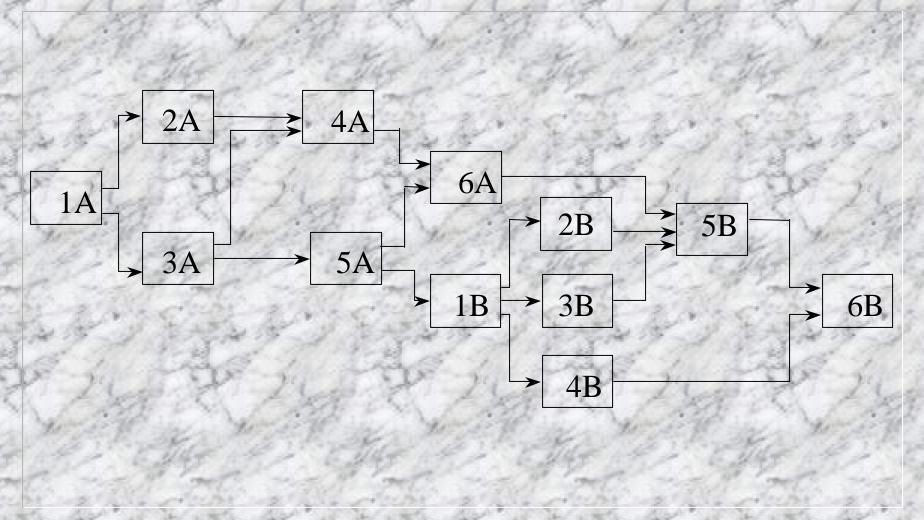
- statistical modeling
- past experience



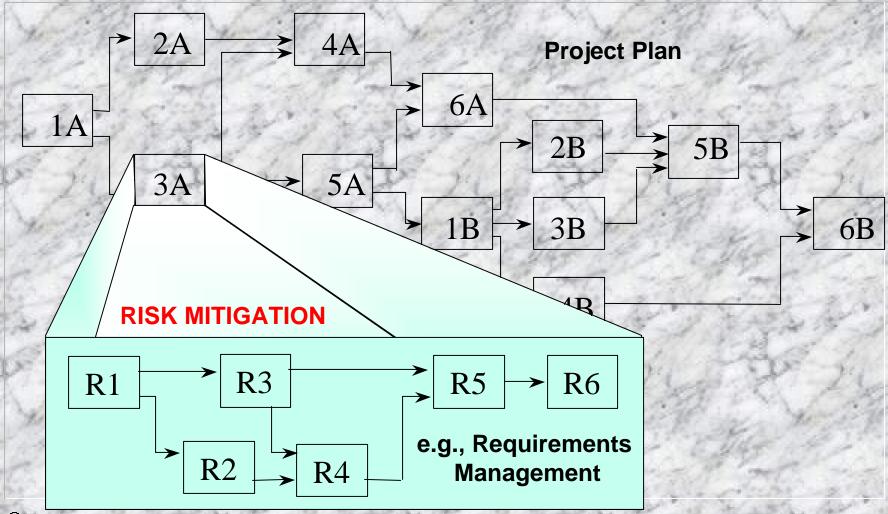
#### Management Reserve Investment Strategy



# Project Plan

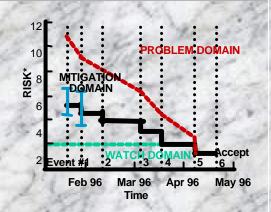


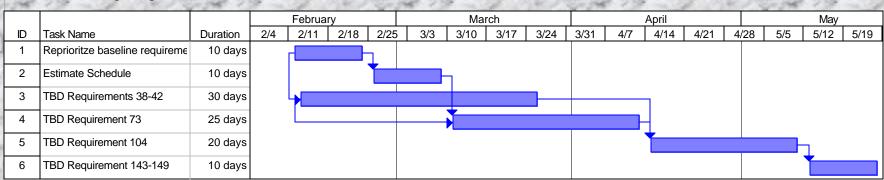
# Risk Mitigation Strategy Tasks



## Risk Mitigation Strategy

- 1.0 Reprioritize the baselined requirements and reorganize the builds to implement the high-priority requirements first. The likelihood of their changing will be factored into the prioritization process.
- 2.0 Estimate the impact to the schedule for builds and requirements based on the projected completion of the TBD requirements. Verify (as much as possible) that the new schedule accounts for the anticipated changes.
- 3.0 Complete the requirements document for TBD requirements 38-42 and submit a change request.
- 4.0 Complete the requirements document for TBD requirement 73 and submit a change request.
- 5.0 Complete the requirements document for TBD requirement 104 and submit a change request.
- 6.0 Complete the requirements document for TBD requirements 143-149 and submit a change request.





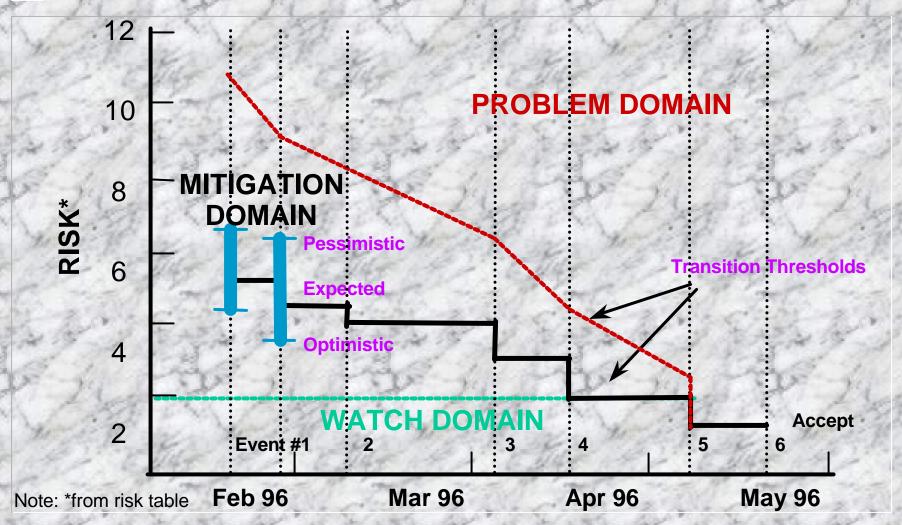
# Risk Criteria Table

Attribu	Attribute: Probability			
Level	Value	Criteria		
5	Near certainty	Everything points to this becoming a problem, always has		
4	Very likely	High chance of this becoming a problem		
3	Likely (50/50)	There is an even chance this may turn into a problem		
2	Unlikely	Risk like this may turn into a problem once in awhile		
1	Improbable	Not much chance this will become problem		

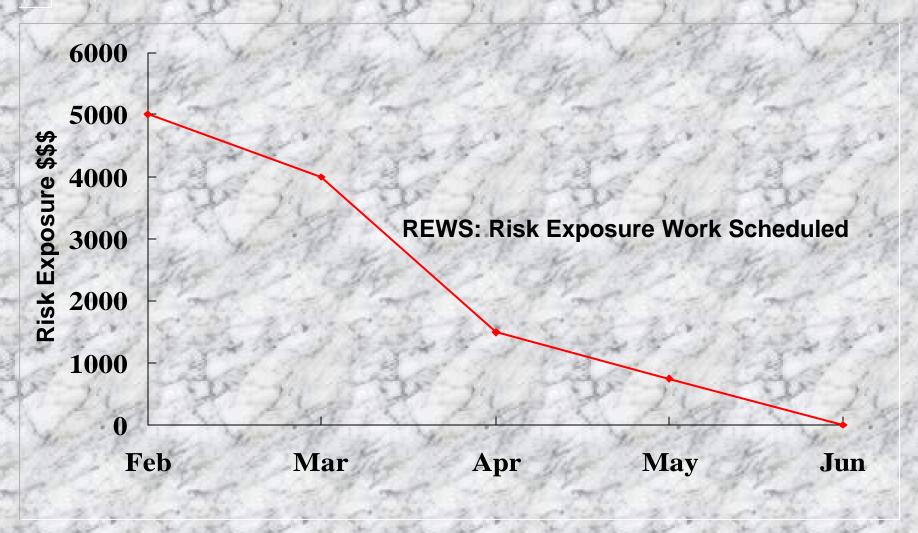
				- 17	
5	2	3	6	9	12
Probability 5	2	3	5	8	11
Spap	1	2	4	7	10
2	1	2	3	5	8
1	1	1	2	3	5
1	1	2 <sub>li</sub>	3 mpac	4	5

Attrib	Attribute: Impact				
Level	Value	Technical Criteria	Cost Criteria	Schedule Criteria	
5	Catastrophic	Can't control the vehicle OR Can't perform the mission	> \$10 Million	Slip to level I milestones	
4	Critical	Loss of mission, but asset recoverable in time	\$ 10 M ≤ X < \$ 5 Million	Slip to level II milestones	
3	Moderate	Mission degraded below nominal specified	\$ 5 M ≤ X < \$ 1 Million	Slip to level III milestones	
2	Marginal	Mission performance margins reduced	\$ 1 M ≤ X < \$ 100 K	Loss of more than one month schedule margin	
1	Negligible	Minimum to no impact	Minimum to no impact	Minimum to no impact	

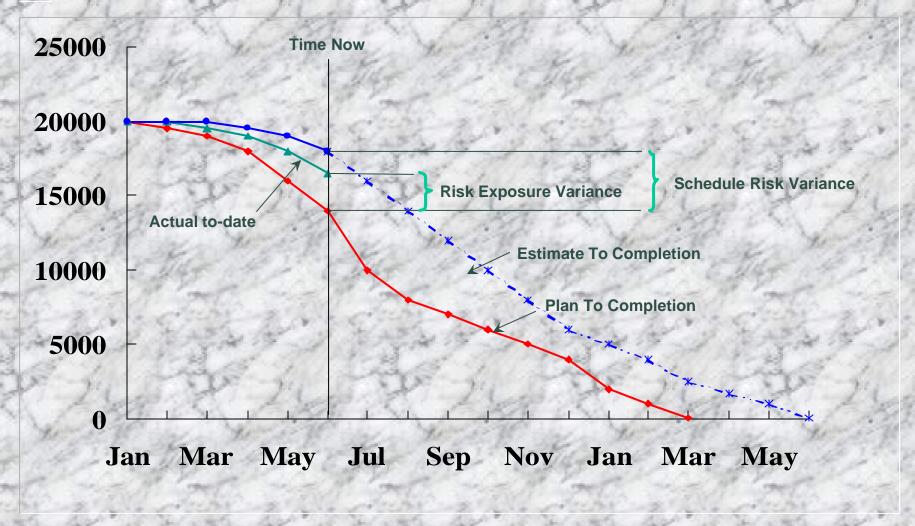
#### Risk Metrics

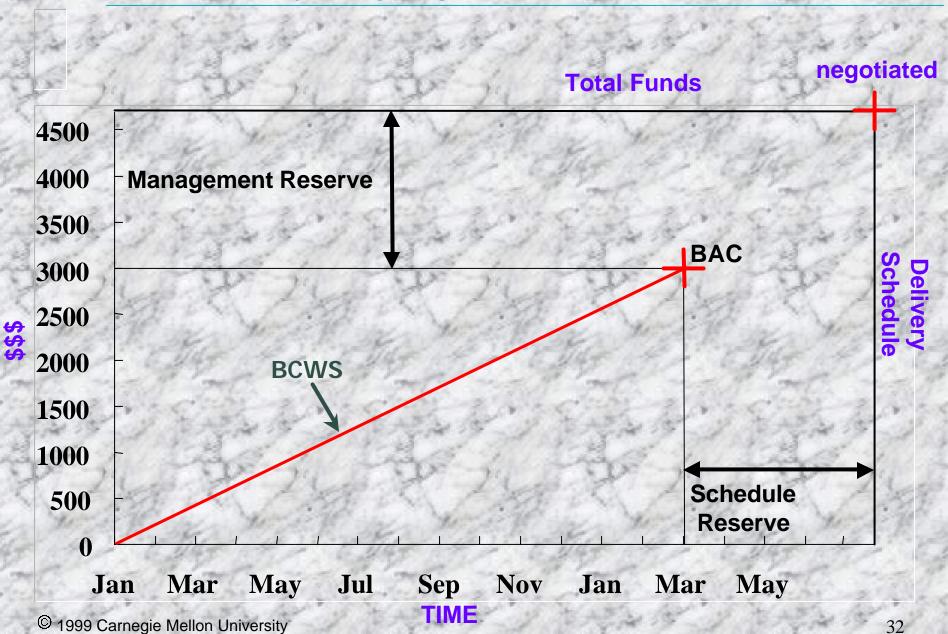


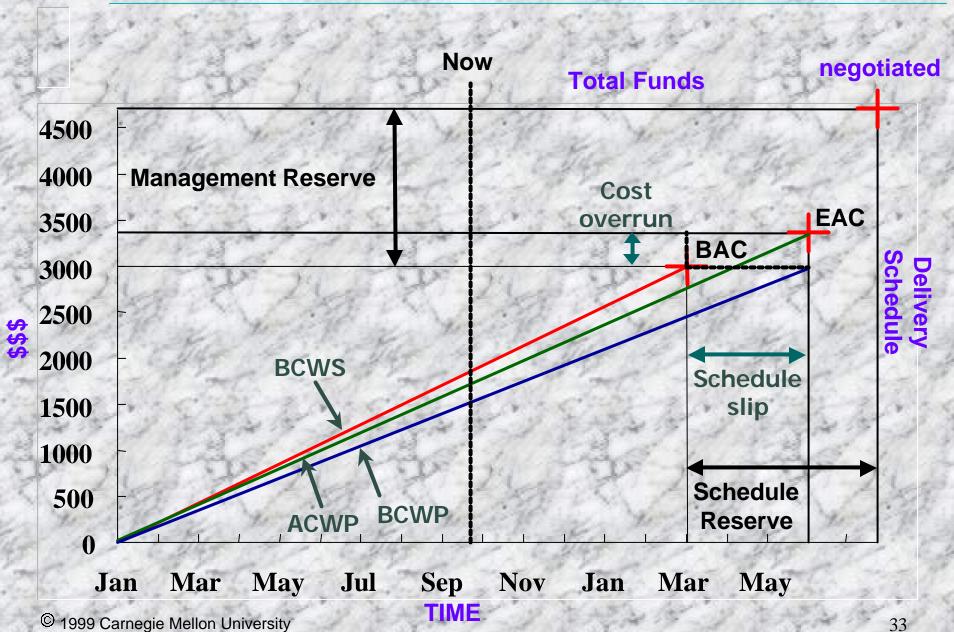
#### Risk-Earned Value



# Risk Exposure "Buy-Down"







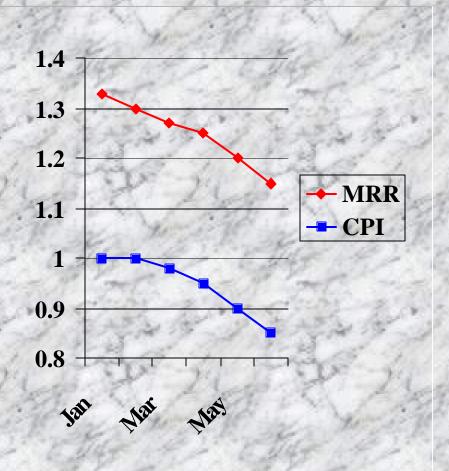
## Management Reserve Ratio (MMR)

$$MRR = \frac{TFA}{EAC} = \frac{TFA}{BAC} * CPI$$

Ratio of total funds available against total estimated funds expended at completion

**MRR: Management Reserve Ratio** 

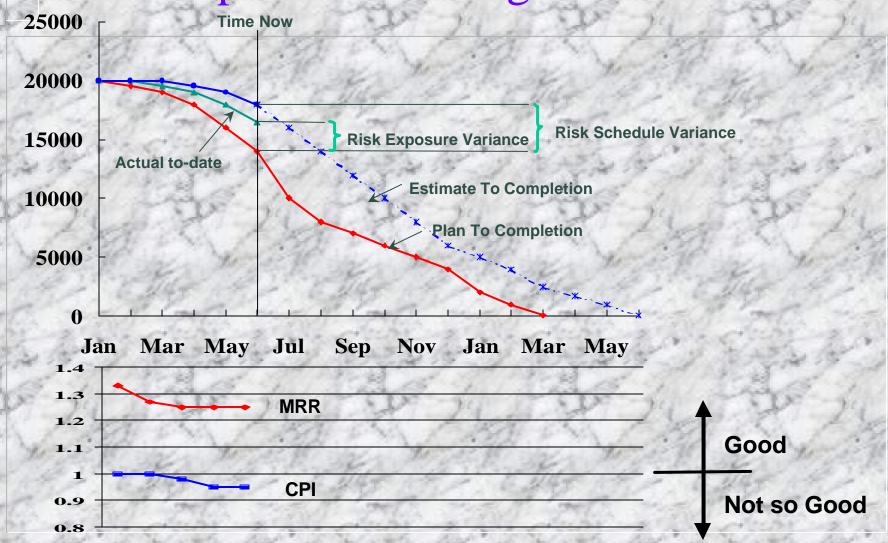
**TFA: Total Funds Available** 



# Risk Data Analysis Relationships

Term	Symbol	Formula	Checklist Actions
Risk Exposure Performance Index	REPI	ARWP REWP	Ratio of work accomplished against money spent (Efficiency Rating: Work Done for Resources Expended)
Risk Schedule Performance Index	RSPI	REWS REWP	Ratio of work accomplished against what should have been done (Efficiency Rating: Work done as compared to what should have been done)
Management Reserve Ratio	WIRK	$= \frac{TFA}{EAC}$ $= \frac{TFA}{BAC} * CPI$	Ratio of total funds available against total estimated funds expended at completion or total funds available against the budgeted cost at completion multiplied by the cost performance index

# Risk Exposure Tracking



#### Summary

#### **Earned Value methods used**

- to indicate risks
- plan allocation of management reserve
- track risk exposure "buydown"
- track "buydown" investment

Use for "critical" risks

Account for actions that reduce risk

Fixing risks is cheaper than fixing problems